

Assessment of PGT-A Outcomes According to the Indications for IVF Treatment

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Introduction

□ Infertility: defined as the failure to achieve pregnancy after 12 months of regular unprotected sexual intercourse.

□ Approximately 85% of infertile couples have an identifiable cause.

Common causes of infertility:

• ovulatory dysfunction

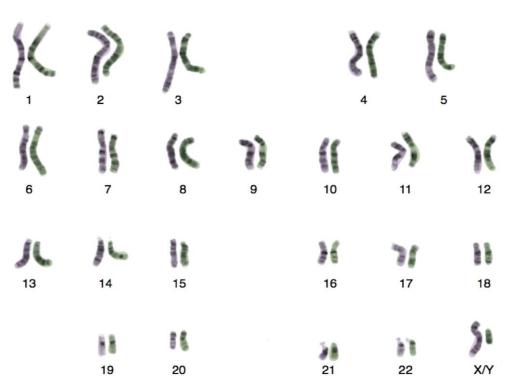
Lubal disease

□ male factor

Introduction

Human cells contain 23 pairs of chromosomes

- □ Aneuploidy: The presence of an abnormal number of chromosomes in the cells
- □ Aneuploidy is an important cause of miscarriages and in vitro fertilization (IVF) failure.
- Preimplantation genetic testing for aneuploidy (PGT-A) provides the opportunity to select euploid embryos for embryo transfer within IVF procedure.



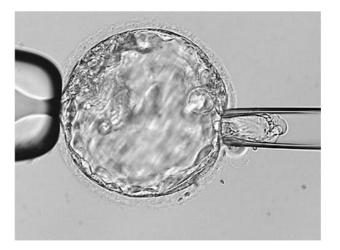
Importance of PGT-A

PGT-A: biopsy of a few cells from the developing embryo

Helps doctors select euploid embryos to transfer

Reduced miscarriage rates

Higher pregnancy rates per transfer



Randomized Controlled Trial > Fertil Steril. 2019 Dec;112(6):1071-1079.e7. doi: 10.1016/j.fertnstert.2019.07.1346. Epub 2019 Sep 21.

Preimplantation genetic testing for aneuploidy versus morphology as selection criteria for single frozen-thawed embryo transfer in good-prognosis patients: a multicenter randomized clinical trial

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Collaborators, Affiliations + expand PMID: 31551155 DOI: 10.1016/j.fertnstert.2019.07.1346 Free article

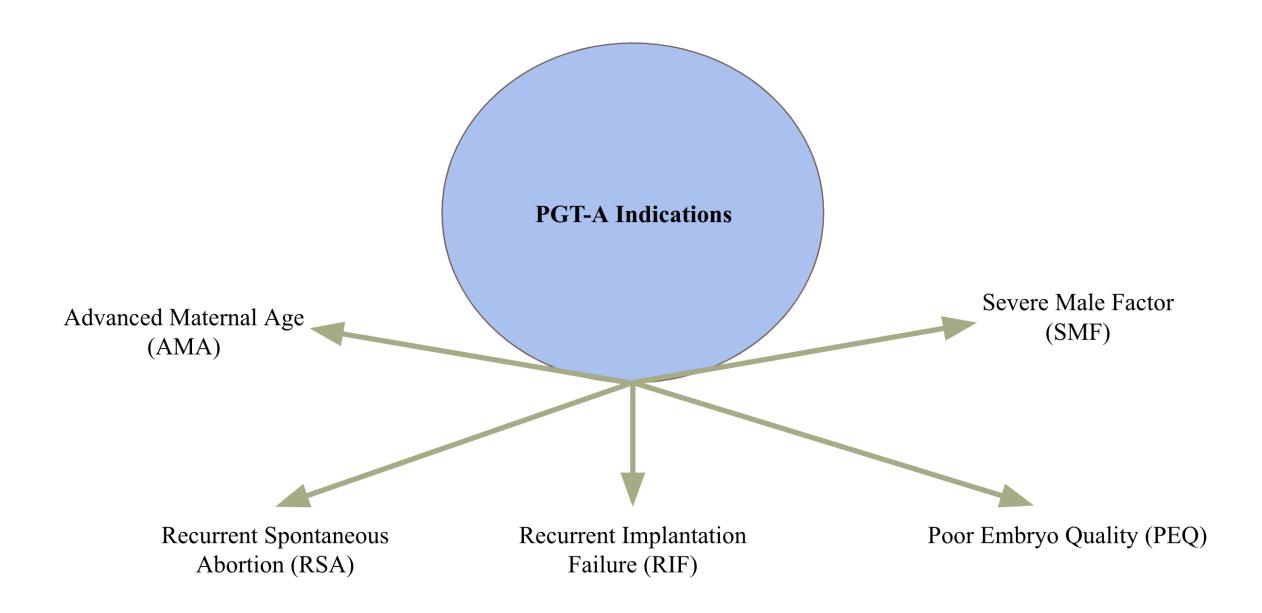
Abstract

Objective: To evaluate the benefit of next-generation sequencing (NGS)-based preimplantation thor. id=31551155 ing for aneuploidy (PGT-A) for embryo selection in frozen-thawed embryo transfer.

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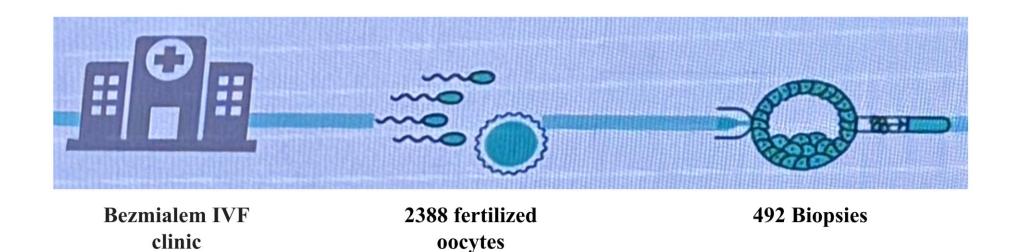
Aim of This Study

☐ To identify optimal indications for recommendation of PGT-A in daily practice with comparison of euploid/aneuploidy ratios

To evaluate the pregnancy results of transferred euploid embryos according to PGT-A indications

	Euploid	Aneuploid	
PGT-A test result			
Number of chromosomes in each cell	Correct	Incorrect	
Likelihood of producing a healthy pregnancy	High	Very unlikely	
Recommended for transfer	Yes	No	

Materials and Method



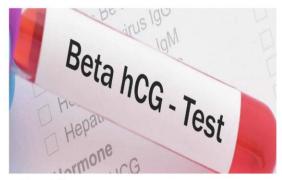
This retrospective designed single center study was carried out at IVF center of Bezmialem Vakif University

Hospital between July 2020 and May 2023.

A total of 203 women underwent IVF with PGT-A.

The results of biopsies were reported as euploid, aneuploid and chaotic.

Materials and Method



Positive pregnancy test (serum hCG level > 5 mIU/mL)



Miscarriage



clinical pregnancy (fetal heartbeat- 12 weeks)



Ongoing pregnancy (gestation 12-28 weeks)



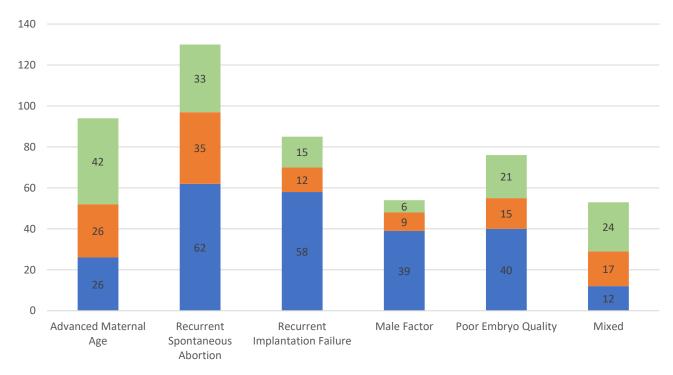
Results

Variables	
Female age (years)	34.47 ± 5.83 34 [20-47]
Male age (years)	36.5 ± 6.31 36 [20-59]
Previous IVF attempts	1.07 ± 1.25 1 [0-7]
Duration of infertility (years)	4.31 ± 3.08 4 [1-17]
Type of infertility Primary Secondary	97 (47.8%) 106 (52.2%)

Indication of IVF	
Tubal factor	43 (21.2%)
Male factor	15 (7.4%)
Unexplained infertility	40 (19.7%)
Ovulatory	11 (5.4%)
Endometriosis	2 (1%)
Diminished ovarian reserve	48 (23.6%)
Mixed	44 (21.7%)
Indication of PGT-A	
Advanced maternal age	47 (23.2%)
History of recurrent spontaneous abortion	41 (20.2%)
History of recurrent implantation failure	32 (15.8%)
Serious male factor	18 (8.9%)
Poor embryo quality	40 (19.7%)
Mixed	25 (12.3%)

 Table 1. Characteristics of patients

Results



Euploid Aneuploid Chaotic

Euploid embryo ratios were
 significantly higher in RSA, RIF, male
 factor and poor embryo quality
 compared to AMA and mixed groups.
 (p<0,001)
 Most frequent chaotic embryos were
 reported in AMA and mixed group.
 (p<0,001)

Figure 1. Comparison of euploid/aneuploid ratios according to PGT-A indications

Results

Variables	Group 1 AMA* n=21 (%)	Group 2 History of RSA* n=30 (%)	Group 3 History of RIF* n=29 (%)	Group 4 Serious male factor n=16 (%)	Group 5 Poor embryo quality n=29 (%)	Group 6 Mixed n=7 (%)	p value
BHCG positive pregnancy	12 (57.1)	24 (80)	26 (89.7)	13 (81.3)	19 (65.5)	5 (71.4)	0.106
Clinical pregnancy	8 (38.1) ^a	22 (73.3) ^{a,b}	26 (89.7) ^b	13 (81.3) ^{a,b}	15 (51.7) ^a	5 (71.4) ^{a,b}	<0.001
Clinical miscarriage	2 (9.5)	4 (13.3)	2 (6.9)	1 (6.3)	1 (3.4)	-	0.836
Ongoing pregnancy	6 (28.6) ^a	17 (56.7) ^{a,b}	23 (79.3) ^b	11 (68.8) ^{a,b}	14 (48.3) ^a	5 (71.4) ^{a,b}	0.008
Live birth	6 (28.6)	17 (56.7)	19 (65.5)	10 (62.5)	14 (48.3)	3 (42.9)	0.151

 Clinical pregnancy rate and ongoing pregnancy rate are significantly higher in patients with RIF compared to AMA and poor embryo quality.

Table 2. Pregnancy rates of groups euploid embryo transferred according to PGT-A indications

Discussion-Conclusion

□ PGT-A is a prime example of the advancements in medical science

The effectiveness of PGT-A varies depending on the indication

Advanced maternal age is associated with lower euploidy, clinical pregnancy, ongoing pregnancy

□ PGT-A was benefical in patients with RIF and severe male factor. Patients in these groups are recommended to consider undergoing PGT-A more to avoid IVF failure .

□ However, its application should be considered based on individual patient needs and clinical situations.



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